

## PORTFOLIO CONSTRUCTION 2.0

- The Traditional World of Portfolio Construction: Strategic Asset Allocation
  - Determine client risk tolerance
  - Use MPT framework to allocate portfolio
    - Select portfolio w/ "risk" client can tolerate
    - Allocate amongst multiple asset classes
    - Target low-correlation assets to further reduce volatility
  - Rebalance portfolio on regular basis to stick to targeted asset allocation

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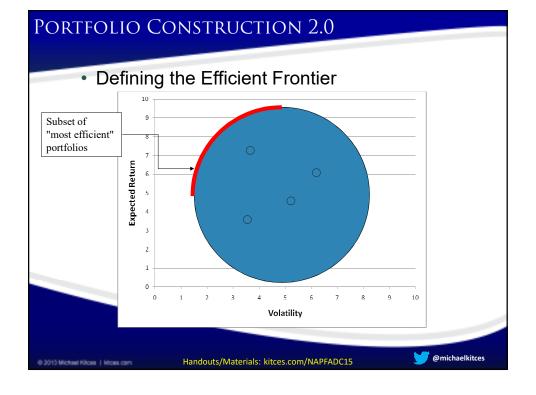
Handouts/Materials: kitces.com/NAPFADC15



### REVISITING MPT

- Markowitz establishes the roots of what we now call "Modern Portfolio Theory"
  - "Portfolio Selection" Journal of Finance, Vol. 7, No. 1, March, 1952
  - Seeking a method to determine how to allocate a multi-asset diversified portfolio
    - Highest return portfolio → 100% of the highest returning asset under a buy-and-hold scenario
    - · But Markowitz viewed diversification as required
  - Decided optimal would be defined in terms of a balance between return and risk

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### REVISITING MPT

"The process of selecting a portfolio may be divided into two stages. The first stage starts with observation and experience and ends with beliefs about the future performances of available securities. The second stage starts with the relevant beliefs about future performances and ends with the choice of portfolio. This paper is concerned with the second stage."

- Markowitz

MPT helps allocate, but based on what inputs?

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### REVISITING MPT

Markowitz on MPT inputs

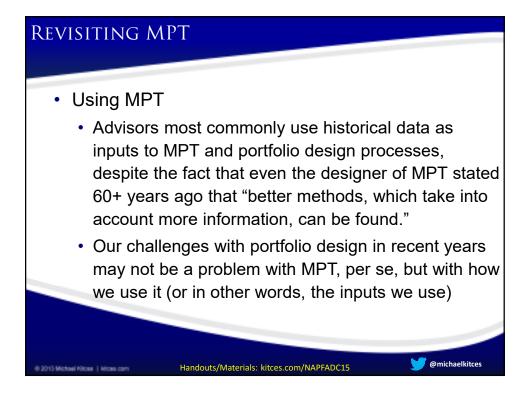
"To use the E-V rule in the selection of securities we must have procedures for finding reasonable [estimates of expected return and volatility]. These procedures, I believe, should combine statistical techniques and the judgment of practical men. My feeling is that the statistical computations should be used to arrive at a tentative set of [mean and volatility]. Judgment should then be used in increasing or decreasing some of these [mean and volatility inputs] on the basis of factors or nuances not taken into account by the formal computations..."

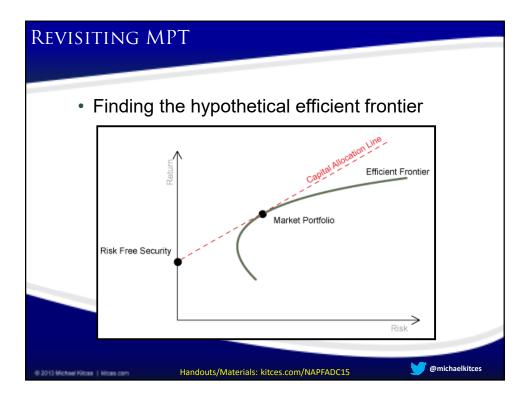
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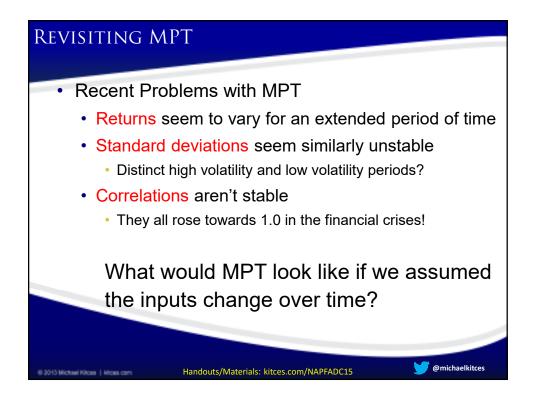
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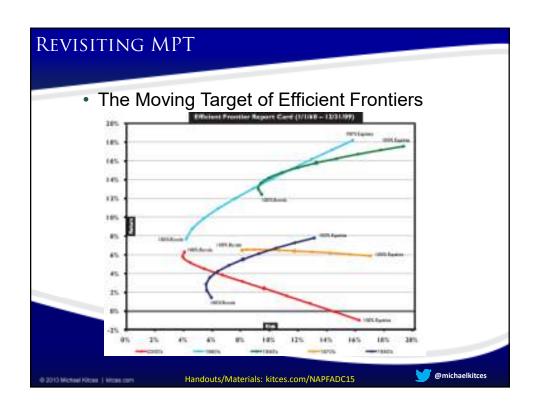


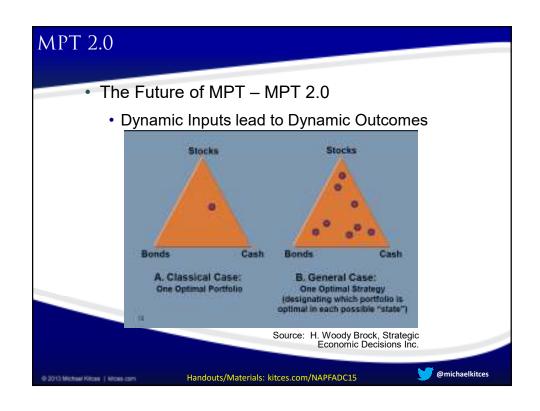


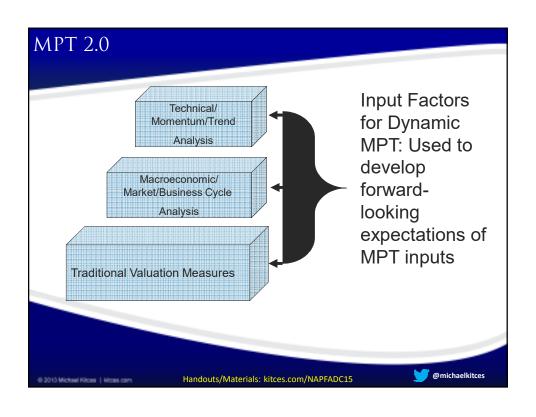


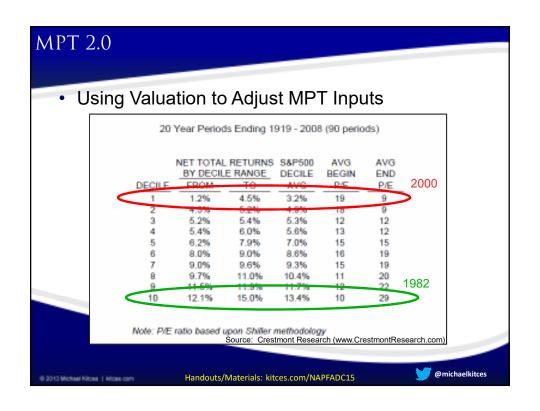












## MPT 2.0

Using Valuation to Adjust MPT Inputs

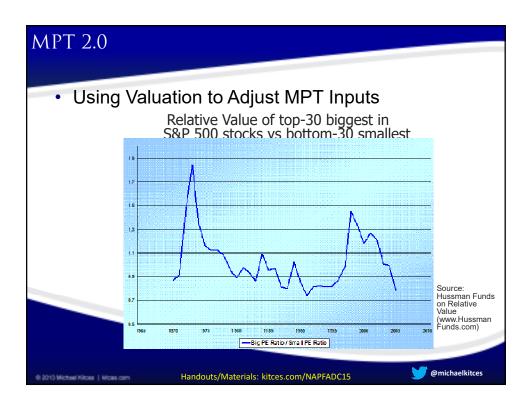
10-year annualized returns by valuation deciles, with probability of less-than-3% annualized growth

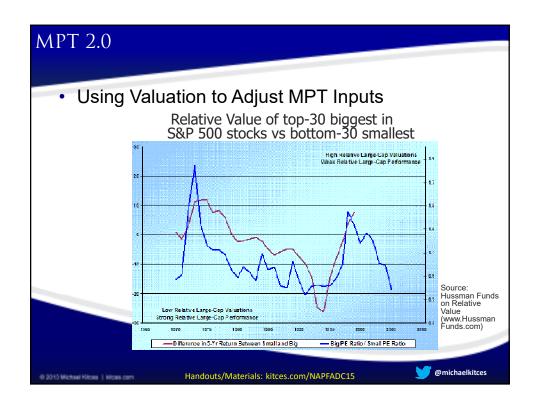
Valuation				Prob <3%
Decile	High	Low	Average	gain
10	10.04%	-4.83%	3.72%	36.17%
9	12.29%	-2.42%	6.38%	14.18%
8	16.16%	-0.79%	6.38%	17.61%
7	16.79%	0.01%	7.29%	13.38%
6	17.68%	0.83%	7.03%	14.79%
5	17.41%	1.43%	7.30%	11.27%
4	16.22%	3.08%	8.51%	0.00%
3	15.84%	4.01%	10.70%	0.00%
2	17.88%	4.12%	11.94%	0.00%
1	16.56%	3.45%	11.31%	0.00%

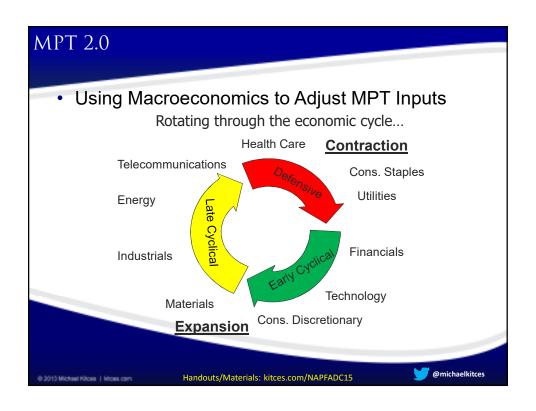
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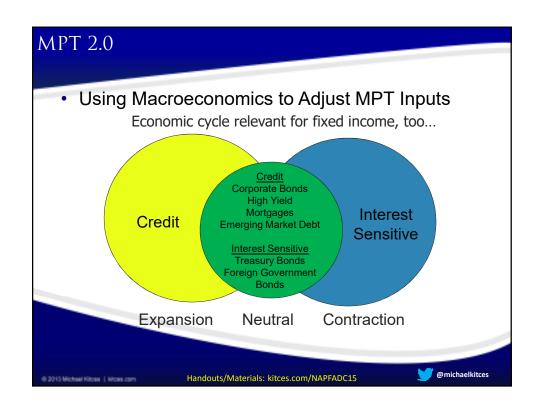
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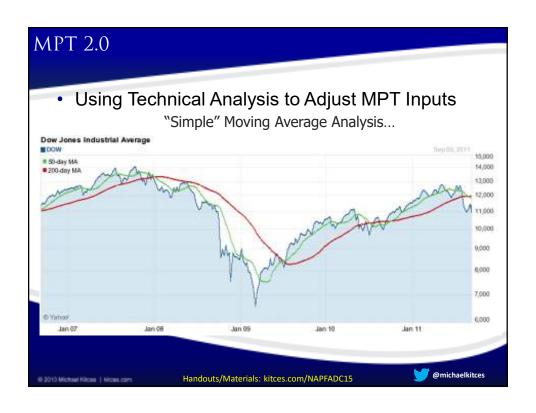
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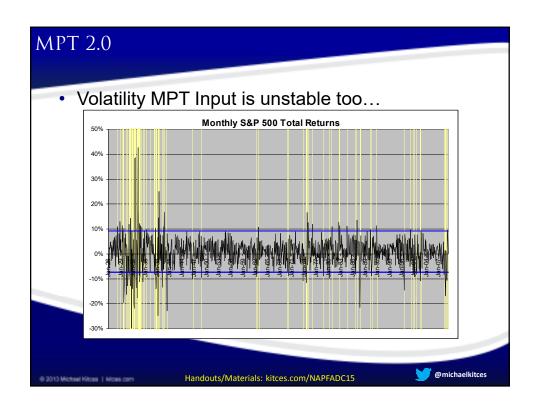


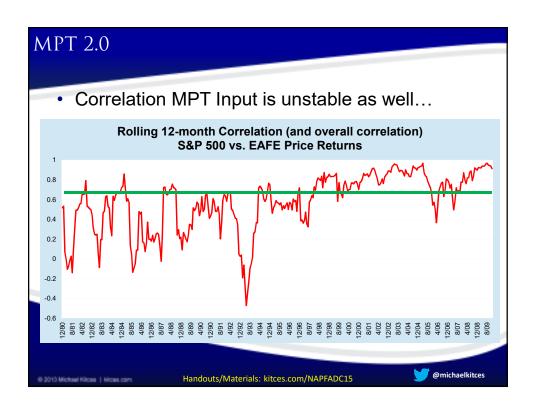


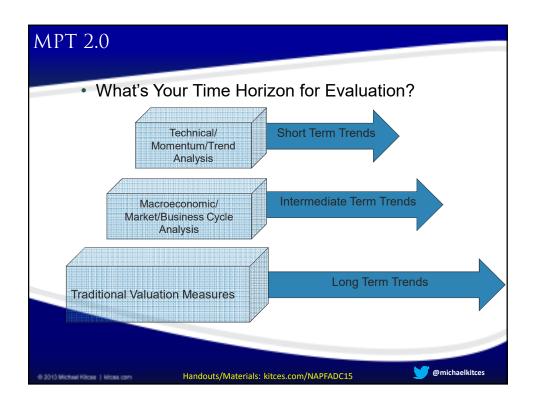


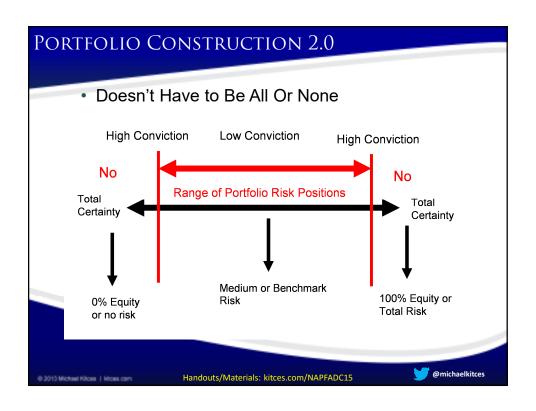




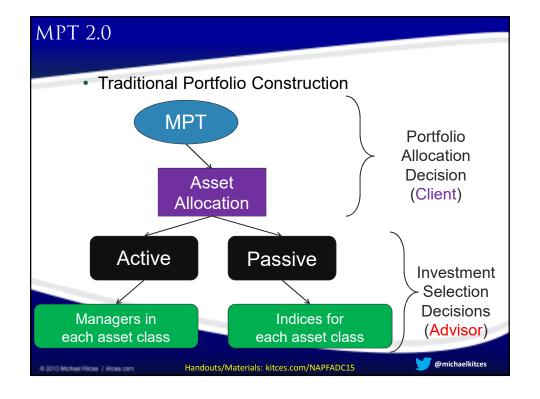


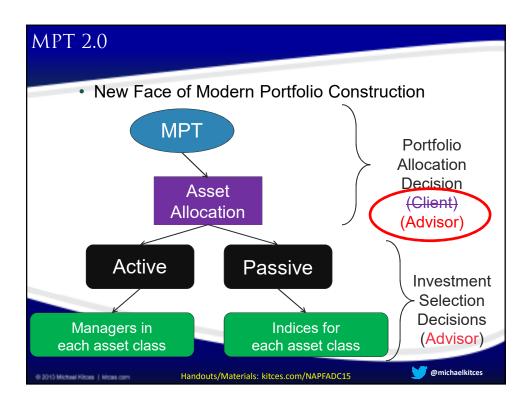


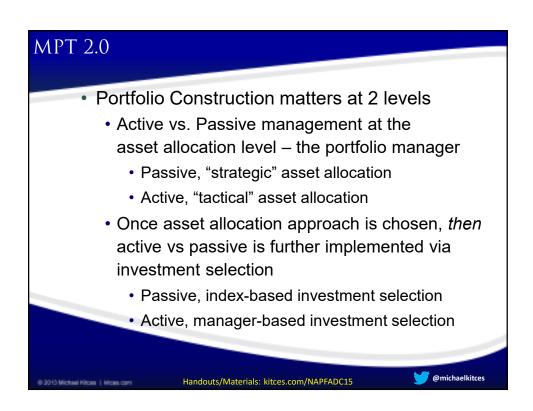


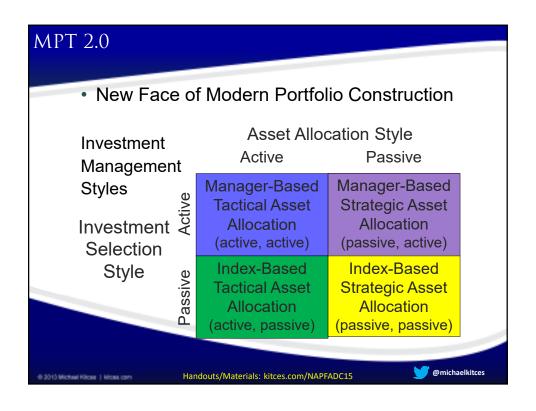


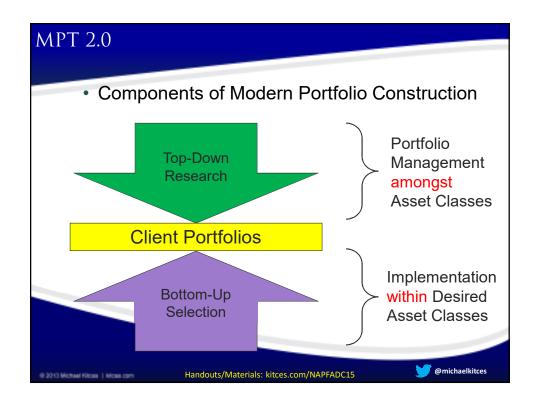
# MPT 2.0 – Bringing It All Together From its start, MPT was intended as a system to combine expectations about returns, volatility, and interrelationships between assets into a portfolio Developing proper inputs was left up to the user Even Markowitz recommended to go deeper than just long-term averages Developing more complex inputs and expectations for portfolio design can be accomplished based on different ways of looking at the same data As the inputs shift dynamically over time, so too will the resulting portfolios – applies to assets & asset classes

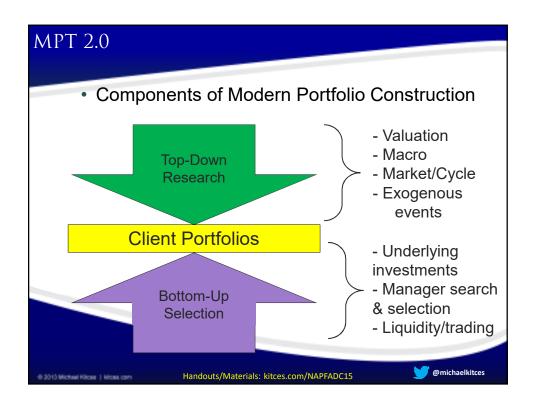


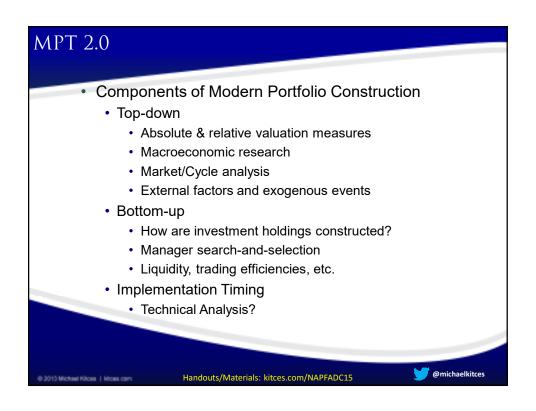












## Advancing your own portfolio construction What is your style? Active, active? Active, passive? Passive, active? Passive, passive? Where do you add value? Top-down? Bottom-up? Technical execution? How do you add value? Internal resources? External research? Outsourced implementation?

